# Route 460 Location Study AIR QUALITY TECHNICAL REPORT



May 2005



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#### 1.0 AFFECTED ENVIRONMENT

#### 1.1 AIR QUALITY

This section presents applicable federal air quality standards and discusses whether the Route 460 Location Study attains those standards. Air quality is a general term used to describe the pollutant levels in the atmosphere. The air quality analysis will identify the potential air quality effects associated with traffic conditions resulting from the construction of the proposed Route 460 alternatives.

#### 1.2 REGULATORY CONTEXT

In accordance with the Clean Air Act of 1970 (42 USC 7609, as amended in 1997 and 1990) the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) established National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) for six major pollutants. These include: carbon monoxide (CO), lead (Pb), nitrogen oxides (NO $_x$ ), ozone (O $_3$ ), particulate matter (PM $_{10}$  and PM $_{2.5}$ ), and sulfur oxides (SO $_x$ ). These standards, presented in Table 1.2-1, are also the official ambient air quality standards for the State of Virginia. The "primary" standards have been established to protect the public health, including the health of "sensitive" populations such as asthmatics, children, and the elderly. The "secondary" standards are intended to protect the nation's welfare and account for air pollutant effects on soil, water, visibility, materials, vegetation, and other aspects of the general welfare. Of these six pollutants, the FHWA requires a detailed evaluation of CO.

Table 1.2-1
NATIONAL AMBIENT AIR QUALITY STANDARDS

Pollutant	Primary Standards	Averaging Times	Secondary Standards
Carbon Monoxide	35 ppm (40 mg/m³) <sup>C</sup>	1-hour	None
	9 ppm (10 mg/m³) <sup>C</sup>	8-hour	None
Lead	1.5 μg/m <sup>3</sup>	Quarterly Average	Same as Primary
Nitrogen Dioxide	0.053 ppm (100 μg/m <sup>3</sup> )	Annual ( Arithmetic Mean)	Same as Primary
Particulate Matter (PM10)	50 μg/m³	Annual ( Arithmetic Mean)	Same as Primary
	150 μg/m <sup>3 E</sup>	24-hour	Same as Primary
Particulate Matter (PM2.5)	15 μg/m <sup>3 D</sup>	Annual ( Arithmetic Mean)	Same as Primary
	65 μg/m³ <sup>E</sup>	24-hour	Same as Primary
Ozone	0.12 ppm (235 µg/m³) <sup>A</sup>	1-hour	Same as Primary
	0.08 ppm (157 μg/m³) <sup>B</sup>	8-hour	Same as Primary
Sulfur Oxides	80 μg/m³ (0.3 ppm) <sup>C</sup>	Annual ( Arithmetic Mean)	
	365 μg/m³ (0.14 ppm) <sup>C</sup>	24-hour	
		3-hour	1300 $\mu g/m^3 (0.5 \text{ ppm})^C$

Source: USEPA, "National Primary and Secondary Ambient Air Quality Standards." (49 CFR 50).

#### Notes:

- A Areas not attaining the 1-hour standard by the end of 1997 must attain that standard before demonstrating attainment with the 8-hour standard.
- B 3-year average of the 4<sup>th</sup> highest 8-hour concentration may not exceed 0.08 ppm.
- C Not to be exceeded more than once a year.
- D Based on a 3-year average of annual averages.
- E Based on a 3-year average of annual 98th percentile values.

Abbreviations: ppm - parts per million µg/m³ - micrograms per cubic meter mg/m³ - milligrams per cubic meter



#### 1.3 **CARBON MONOXIDE**

Carbon Monoxide is a colorless, odorless, poisonous gas formed from the incomplete combustion of fossil fuels. It is the primary pollutant emitted from automobiles and contributes about 60 percent of all CO emissions nationwide and is the major source of CO in the study area.

The state and federal ambient air quality standards for carbon monoxide are as follows:

- 1-hour 35 parts per million (ppm) or 40 milligrams per cubic meter (mg/m³); not to be exceeded more than once per year;
- 8-hour 9 ppm or 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; not to be exceeded more than once per year.

Any 1-hour concentration above 35 ppm or 8-hour concentration above 9 ppm is considered a violation of the standards.

In order to determine potential CO concentrations at receptors near a highway, two concentration components must be used: local and background. The local component takes into account CO emitted by cars operating on highways near receptors (i.e., within 300 feet). The background component takes into account CO emitted by cars operating on streets further from receptor locations. The background CO concentration for the project area is estimated to be 6.0 parts per million (ppm) for the one-hour period and 3.0 ppm for the eight-hour period. Consultation with the Air, Noise and Energy Section, Environmental Division, Virginia Department of Transportation, indicated that an ambient CO concentration of 3.0 ppm is applied to most rural areas.

#### 1.4 OTHER EMISSIONS

Automobiles also are sources of hydrocarbons and nitrogen oxides. Hydrocarbons and nitrogen oxides emitted from cars in an urban area are mixed together in the atmosphere where they react with sunlight to form ozone, nitrogen dioxide, and other photochemical oxidants. It is the photochemical oxidants that are of concern and not the precursor hydrocarbons and nitrogen oxides.

The photochemical reactions that form ozone and nitrogen dioxide require several hours to occur. For this reason, the peak levels of ozone generally occur 6 to 12 miles (10 to 20 kilometers) downwind of the source of pollutant emissions and urban areas as a whole are regarded as sources of photochemical oxidants, not individual streets and highways. The best example of this type of air pollution is the smog that forms in Los Angeles, California.

Area-wide automotive emissions of hydrocarbons and nitrogen oxides are expected to decrease in the future because of the continued installation and maintenance of pollution control devices on new cars. No appreciable changes in these emissions are expected on Route 460.

Automobiles are not significant sources of particulate matter and sulfur dioxide. Nationwide, highway sources account for less than seven percent of particulate matter emissions and less than two percent of sulfur dioxide emissions. Particulate matter and sulfur dioxide emissions are predominantly the result of non-highway sources (e.g., industrial, commercial, and agricultural activities). Because emissions of particulate matter and sulfur dioxide from cars are very low, there is no reason to suspect that traffic on Route 460 would cause air quality standards for particulate matter and sulfur dioxide to be exceeded.

Automobiles emit lead as a result of burning gasoline containing tetraethyl lead, which is added by refineries to increase the octane rating of the fuel. In 1973, the EPA called for a reduction in the lead content of leaded gasoline. The average lead content of gasoline in 1973 was 2-3 grams per gallon or about 200,000 tons of lead a year. In 1975, passenger cars and light trucks were manufactured with



more elaborate emission control system which included catalytic converters that required unleaded gasoline and emit no lead. By 1989, the composite average of lead in gasoline had dropped to 0.01 grams per gallon. In 1995, leaded fuel accounted for only 0.6 percent of total gasoline sales or less than 2,000 tons per year. Effective January 1, 1996, the Clean Air Act banned the sale of the small amount of leaded fuel that was still available in some parts of the country for use in on-road vehicles. Because of these reasons, the traffic on Route 460 would not cause the NAAQS for lead to be exceeded.

#### 1.5 EXISTING AIR QUALITY LEVELS AND COMPLIANCE IN THE STUDY AREA

Section 107 of the 1997 Clean Air Act Amendments requires the EPA to publish a list of all geographic areas in compliance with the NAAQS, as well as those not in attainment of the NAAQS. Areas not in compliance with the NAAQS are termed non-attainment areas. The designation of an area is made on a pollutant-by-pollutant basis. In July of 1997, EPA adopted an 8-hour standard for  $O_3$  (0.08 ppm) and added  $PM_{2.5}$  as a criterion pollutant to the NAAQS.

EPA evaluated the latest scientific data and developed a standard more protective of public health after discovering that adverse health effects resulting from ozone exposure occur at lower concentrations spread out over longer periods of time. However, before EPA could apply the new 8-hour standard for ozone, it was tied up in litigation. Finally, in spring of 2004, EPA designated areas in nonattainment with the 8-hour standard. Areas designated nonattainment under the 8-hour ozone standard have one year to demonstrate conformity in accordance with the procedures established by EPA at which time the 1-hour ozone standard will be revoked.

In July of 1997, EPA added PM<sub>2.5</sub> as a criterion pollutant to the NAAQS. EPA designated PM<sub>2.5</sub> nonattainment areas on January 5, 2005. Only the northern Virginia area has been designated as a PM<sub>2.5</sub> nonattainment area.

The study area is currently classified as being in attainment of all NAAQS pollutants except for the one-hour and eight hour O<sub>3</sub> standard. The study area lies between two nonattainment areas and as such is classified as maintenance or marginal nonattainment area depending on the county. The City of Suffolk is classified as a maintenance area for one-hour O<sub>3</sub> and as a marginal area for the eight-hour O<sub>3</sub> standard. Isle of Wight and Prince George Counties are also classified as a marginal area for the eight-hour O<sub>3</sub> standard. A maintenance area is defined as an area that was once classified as a nonattainment area but has shown, through monitored data, now to be in attainment of the applicable standard. Marginal areas are based on the 8-hour design value calculated using the most recent three years of monitored data. Marginal areas must attain national air quality standards for eight-hour O<sub>3</sub> no later than June 2007. Regardless of its classification, the City of Suffolk, Isle of Wight, and Prince George Counties are all subject to the requirements of the EPA's Transportation Conformity Rule.

While a network of sampling stations monitors air pollutant levels throughout Virginia, currently there are no monitoring stations located within the study area. The closest monitoring stations are located in the City of Suffolk (Station 183-F) and Charles City County (Station 75-B). These monitoring stations, under the supervision of the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ), measure for O<sub>3</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub> and PM<sub>2.5</sub>. According to the *Virginia Ambient Air Monitoring 2003 Data Report*, the one-hour O<sub>3</sub> criteria (.12 ppm) was exceed at the Charles City County monitoring station and the eight-hour O<sub>3</sub> criteria (.08 ppm) was exceeded at both the City of Suffolk and the Charles City County monitoring stations.



#### 2.0 ENVIRONMENTAL CONSEQUENCES

#### 2.1 AIR QUALITY

A microscale air quality analysis was conducted to determine the potential effects of the Candidate Build Alternatives (CBAs) on local air quality. The "worst-case" project level carbon monoxide (CO) concentrations were determined for the existing (2003), interim (2015), and design (2026) years. These CO concentrations were then compared to the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS). The maximum one-hour and eight-hour CO levels predicted were below NAAQS maximum levels, thus, the proposed Route 460 Location Study would not cause a violation of the NAAQS. The project conforms to the State Implementation Plan (SIP) and the goals set forth in the Clean Air Act Amendments (CAAA) and the Final Conformity Rule.

#### 2.2 METHODOLOGY

Microscale air quality modeling was performed using EPA's CAL3QHC program. Input emission factors were based on the EPA mobile source emission factor model (MOBILE 6.2). These emission factors are shown in Appendix A. Dispersion parameters within the program are based on EPA's CALINE3 air quality dispersion model. Following the guidelines set forth in VDOT's Project *Air Quality Analysis Consultants Guide, Revision 13,* CO levels in the study area were estimated for each CBA, including the existing and No-Build scenarios. Sites were selected based on worst-case existing and estimated future traffic conditions and their location relative to the alignment where the highest CO concentrations could be expected and where the general public would have access during the analysis periods (i.e. sidewalks and bike lanes).

Maximum one-hour and eight-hour CO levels were estimated for each CBA for the existing year (2003), interim or completion year (2015 Build and No-Build scenarios) and the design year (2026 Build and No-Build scenarios).

Microscale modeling is used to predict CO concentrations resulting from emissions from motor vehicles using roadways immediately adjacent to the location at which predictions are being made. A CO "background level" must be added to this value to account for CO entering the area from environmental and other non-mobile sources upwind of the receptors. Based upon VDOT recommendations, a one-hour background and eight-hour background concentrations of 6 ppm and 3 ppm, respectively, were applied to all analysis sites.

Traffic data used for the air quality analysis was developed as part of an overall traffic analysis for this study. The microscale CO analysis was performed for the peak one-hour and eight-hour standard. These are the periods when the greatest air quality effects of the proposed project are expected. The average number of vehicles per hour during the peak eight-hour period was calculated as 0.6 percent of the average daily traffic. The persistence factor was recommended by VDOT and is based on guidance in FHWA's *Manual for Air Quality Considerations in Environmental Documents*.

#### 2.3 IMPACTS

Maximum one-hour and eight-hour CO levels predicted for each CBA are shown in Table 2.3-1 and Table 2.3-2 respectively. These tables also include the predicted CO levels expected to occur under the existing and No-Build condition. All predicted concentrations are below the applicable Federal Standards. The CAL3QHC model results are shown in Appendix B.



Table 2.3-1
ONE HOUR PREDICTED CO CONCENTRATIONS (PPM)

СВА	Loca	ation	Existing	No-Build	Interim	Build
	From	То	(2003)	(2026)	(2015)	(2026)
1	Proposed Interchange at US 258, in Windsor	Eastern Terminus at US 58 Bypass	10.2	8.3	6.8	7.3
2	Proposed Interchange at Route 460 East of Windsor	Eastern Terminus at US 58 Bypass	10.2	8.3	6.8	7.1
3	Proposed Interchange at Route 460 East of Windsor	Eastern Terminus at US 58 Bypass	10.2	8.3	6.9	7.4

Table 2.3-2
EIGHT HOUR PREDICTED CO CONCENTRATIONS (PPM)

	=======================================								
СВА	Loca From	ation To	Existing (2003)	No-Build (2026)	Interim (2015)	Build (2026)			
	FIUIII	10	(2000)	(2020)	(=0:0)	(2020)			
1	Proposed Interchange at US 258, in Windsor	Eastern Terminus at US 58 Bypass	5.5	4.4	3.5	3.8			
2	Proposed Interchange at Route 460 East of Windsor	Eastern Terminus at US 58 Bypass	5.5	4.4	3.5	3.7			
3	Proposed Interchange at Route 460 East of Windsor	Eastern Terminus at US 58 Bypass	5.5	4.4	3.5	3.8			

The highest predicted one-hour and eight-hour CO concentrations occur along CBA 1 between the City of Windsor and the US 58 Bypass at eastern terminus of the project. This location also has the highest hourly volume of vehicles (over 3,400 in all future scenarios) of all sites analyzed. Recognizing that the predicted concentrations of CO include background concentrations of 3 and 6 ppm for the eight- and one-hour levels, respectively, the proposed project will have little effect on existing levels of localized pollution. The CO concentrations for each CBA will decrease in the design year compared to the existing conditions and are well below the NAAQS for CO for each CBA

#### 2.4 CONSTRUCTION IMPACTS

The temporary air quality impacts from construction are not expected to be significant. Construction activities are to be performed in accordance with VDOT's *Road and Bridge Specifications*. The Specifications are approved as conforming to the State Implementation Plan (SIP) and require compliance with all applicable local, state, and federal regulations.

#### 2.5 PROJECT-LEVEL CONFORMITY

The purpose and need of the study focuses on meeting the current and future regional transportation needs of the area. The Route 460 Location Study is currently included for construction in the constrained Long-Range Plan for the Hampton Roads and Richmond/Petersburg regions, and the plan has been found to conform to the SIP under the 1-hour ozone standard by FHWA and FTA. No phase of the project is currently included in either region's Transportation Improvement Program with the exception of preliminary engineering and the environmental study.



#### 3.0 REFERENCES

- Clean Air Act Amendments (CAAA). 40CFR Part 50-87.
- United States Environmental Protection Agency, "National Primary and Secondary Ambient Air Quality Standards." (49 CFR 50).
- US Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, "23 CFR Part 772: Procedures for Abatement of Highway Traffic Noise and Construction Noise B Final Rule." Federal Register, Vol. 47, No. 131, 8 July 1982.
- US Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration Southern Resource Center, Manual for Air Quality Considerations in Environmental Documents.
- Virginia Department of Environmental Quality, Virginia Ambient Air Monitoring 2002 Data Report, June 2003.
- Virginia Department of Transportation, Air, Noise, and Energy Section, Project Air Quality Analysis Consultants Guide, Revision 13, August 11, 2004.
- Virginia Department of Transportation, Road and Bridge Specifications, Section 107.14(b) 2 Air, 2002

## **APPENDIX A MOBILE 6.2 Emission Factors**

**Route 460 Location Study** 

AIR QUALITY
Technical Report

### Existing Year (2003) Carbon Monoxide

Carbon Monoxide										
Avg. Speed	Rural Int.	Urban Int.	Freeway	U Prin Art	R Prin Art	U Minor Art	R Minor Art	Collectors		
2.5	65.772	68.597	70.72	73.258	70.07	73.25	72.055	71.922		
3	61.287	63.824	65.732	64.304	61.697	64.298	63.321	63.212		
4	51.181	53.07	54.491	53.112	51.232	53.107	52.403	52.325		
5	45.117	46.617	47.746	46.396	44.952	46.393	45.852	45.793		
6	40.884	42.223	43.231	42.326	40.951	42.319	41.806	41.743		
7	37.765	39.038	39.997	39.418	38.093	39.409	38.915	38.851		
8	35.426	36.65	37.572	37.238	35.949	37.227	36.748	36.681		
9	33.607	34.792	35.685	35.542	34.282	35.53	35.062	34.994		
10	32.151	33.306	34.176	34.185	32.948	34.172	33.713	33.644		
11	30.999	32.157	33.029	33.243	31.946	33.228	32.747	32.673		
12	30.091	31.292	32.197	32.458	31.11	32.441	31.942	31.864		
13	29.324	30.56	31.492	31.793	30.403	31.775	31.261	31.179		
14	28.665	29.933	30.889	31.224	29.797	31.205	30.678	30.592		
15	28.095	29.39	30.365	30.73	29.272	30.71	30.172	30.084		
16	27.652	28.98	29.981	30.291	28.791	30.27	29.716	29.625		
17	27.393	28.773	29.813	29.904	28.366	29.882	29.315	29.221		
18	27.162	28.589	29.663	29.56	27.988	29.537	28.957	28.861		
19	26.956	28.424	29.529	29.252	27.65	29.229	28.638	28.54		
20	26.77	28.275	29.409	28.974	27.346	28.951	28.35	28.25		
21	26.601	28.14	29.3	28.748	27.091	28.724	28.113	28.011		
22	26.445	28.016	29.2	28.543	26.86	28.518	27.897	27.793		
23	26.301	27.902	29.109	28.355	26.648	28.33	27.7	27.594		
24	26.17	27.798	29.025	28.183	26.454	28.157	27.52	27.412		
25	26.05	27.703	28.948	28.024	26.276	27.998	27.353	27.245		
26	25.94	27.615	28.877	27.921	26.152	27.895	27.242	27.132		
27	25.839	27.535	28.812	27.826	26.037	27.799	27.139	27.028		
28	25.746	27.46	28.752	27.737	25.93	27.71	27.044	26.931		
29	26.774	27.391	28.695	27.654	25.831	27.627	26.955	26.841		
30	25.579	27.326	28.643	27.577	25.739	27.55	26.872	26.756		
31	25.548	27.312	28.642	27.592	25.734	27.563	26.879	26.762		
32	25.539	27.321	28.663	27.605	25.729	27.576	26.885	26.767		
33	25.531	27.329	28.683	27.618	25.725	27.589	26.891	26.772		
34	25.523	27.336	28.702	27.63	25.721	27.6	26.897	26.776		
35	25.52	27.348	28.725	27.641	25.717	27.611	26.902	26.781		
36	25.65	27.501	28.895	27.808	25.86	27.778	27.06	26.937		
37	25.774	27.646	29.056	27.967	25.995	27.937	27.21	27.085		
38	25.89	27.783	29.209	28.117	26.123	28.086	27.352	27.225		
39	26.001	27.913	29.354	28.26	26.245	28.229	27.486	27.358		
40	26.127	28.057	29.512	28.396	26.36	28.364	27.614	27.484		
41	26.268	28.215	29.682	28.564	26.51	28.532	27.776	27.644		
42	26.402	28.366	29.845	28.725	26.654	28.692	27.929	27.797		
43	26.53	28.509	30	28.878	26.79	28.845	28.076	27.943		



#### Existing Year (2003) Carbon Monoxide

•	•		Cal	oon wo	lioxide			
Avg. Speed	Rural Int.	Urban Int.	Freeway	U Prin Art	R Prin Art	U Minor Art	R Minor Art	Collectors
44	26.654	28.648	30.15	29.025	26.92	28.991	28.216	28.082
45	26.811	28.818	30.329	29.165	27.045	29.131	28.35	28.214
46	26.961	28.98	30.501	29.335	27.202	29.301	28.515	28.378
47	27.105	29.136	30.665	29.497	27.352	29.463	28.673	28.535
48	27.243	29.284	30.822	29.653	27.496	29.619	28.825	28.686
49	27.406	29.455	30.999	29.803	27.635	29.768	28.97	28.83
50	27.573	29.629	31.178	29.947	27.767	29.912	29.109	28.969
51	27.734	29.797	31.351	30.118	27.932	30.083	29.278	29.137
52	27.889	29.958	31.517	30.284	28.09	30.248	29.441	29.299
53	28.061	30.133	31.693	30.442	28.242	30.407	29.597	29.455
54	28.252	30.322	31.882	30.595	28.389	30.56	29.747	29.605
55	28.435	30.505	32.064	30.743	28.53	30.707	29.892	29.749
56	28.613	30.682	32.24	30.92	28.707	30.885	30.07	29.928
57	28.801	30.866	32.42	31.091	28.877	31.057	30.241	30.101
58	29.018	31.072	32.618	31.256	29.042	31.222	30.406	30.267
59	29.227	31.271	32.809	31.415	29.201	31.383	30.566	30.428
60	29.43	31.463	32.994	31.569	29.354	31.538	30.72	30.584
61	29.573	31.6	33.125	31.75	29.544	31.719	30.905	30.771
62	29.573	31.6	33.125	31.925	29.728	31.895	31.084	30.952
63	29.573	31.6	33.125	32.095	29.907	32.066	31.257	31.127
64	29.573	31.6	33.125	32.259	30.079	32.231	31.425	31.296
65	29.573	31.6	33.125	32.418	30.247	32.391	31.588	31.461



## Interim Year (2015) Carbon Monoxide

	Carbon Monoxide										
Avg. Speed	Rural Int.	Urban Int.	Freeway	U Prin Art	R Prin Art	U Minor Art	R Minor Art	Collectors			
2.5	30.787	32.294	33.417	34.734	32.946	34.769	34.08	34.069			
3	28.86	30.243	31.276	30.879	29.349	30.909	30.32	30.31			
4	24.516	25.623	26.45	26.06	24.853	26.083	25.619	25.611			
5	21.909	22.851	23.554	23.169	22.156	23.188	22.799	22.791			
6	19.995	20.857	21.501	21.283	20.322	21.296	20.929	20.915			
7	18.541	19.361	19.974	19.935	19.012	19.945	19.594	19.574			
8	17.45	18.238	18.829	18.924	18.029	18.931	18.592	18.569			
9	16.601	17.365	17.938	18.138	17.265	18.143	17.813	17.787			
10	15.922	16.667	17.225	17.51	16.654	17.512	17.19	17.161			
11	15.37	16.109	16.663	17.016	16.147	17.017	16.69	16.659			
12	14.915	15.663	16.224	16.604	15.725	16.604	16.274	16.24			
13	14.53	15.285	15.852	16.256	15.368	16.255	15.922	15.885			
14	14.199	14.962	15.534	15.958	15.062	15.955	15.62	15.582			
15	13.913	14.681	15.258	15.699	14.797	15.696	15.359	15.318			
16	13.696	14.474	15.057	15.47	14.557	15.466	15.125	15.083			
17	13.58	14.378	14.977	15.268	14.344	15.263	14.919	14.876			
18	13.478	14.293	14.905	15.089	14.156	15.083	14.736	14.691			
19	13.386	14.217	14.841	14.928	13.987	14.922	14.572	14.526			
20	13.303	14.149	14.783	14.783	13.835	14.777	14.424	14.377			
21	13.228	14.086	14.731	14.663	13.706	14.656	14.3	14.252			
22	13.159	14.029	14.683	14.553	13.589	14.546	14.187	14.138			
23	13.096	13.977	14.64	14.453	13.482	14.445	14.084	14.035			
24	13.038	13.93	14.6	14.361	13.384	14.353	13.99	13.939			
25	12.984	13.886	14.563	14.276	13.294	14.268	13.903	13.852			
26	12.935	13.845	14.529	14.224	13.235	14.216	13.848	13.796			
27	12.891	13.808	14.498	14.176	13.18	14.167	13.797	13.744			
28	12.85	13.774	14.469	14.131	13.129	14.122	13.75	13.696			
29	13.721	13.742	14.442	14.089	13.082	14.08	13.706	13.652			
30	12.775	13.712	14.417	14.051	13.038	14.041	13.665	13.61			
31	12.762	13.706	14.416	14.056	13.035	14.046	13.667	13.611			
32	12.759	13.71	14.425	14.06	13.033	14.05	13.669	13.613			
33	12.756	13.714	14.434	14.065	13.031	14.054	13.671	13.614			
34	12.754	13.717	14.442	14.069	13.029	14.058	13.673	13.615			
35	12.754	13.723	14.452	14.073	13.027	14.062	13.674	13.616			
36	12.827	13.807	14.545	14.164	13.107	14.152	13.761	13.701			
37	12.896	13.887	14.632	14.25	13.181	14.238	13.842	13.782			
38	12.961	13.962	14.715	14.332	13.252	14.319	13.92	13.858			
39	13.023	14.033	14.793	14.409	13.32	14.396	13.993	13.931			
40	13.093	14.112	14.879	14.482	13.384	14.47	14.063	14			
41	13.17	14.198	14.971	14.574	13.465	14.561	14.15	14.087			
42	13.243	14.279	15.059	14.66	13.543	14.647	14.234	14.169			
43	13.313	14.357	15.143	14.743	13.618	14.73	14.313	14.248			



### Interim Year (2015) Carbon Monoxide

Carbon Monoxide									
Avg. Speed	Rural Int.	Urban Int.	Freeway	U Prin Art	R Prin Art	U Minor Art	R Minor Art	Collectors	
44	13.381	14.433	15.224	14.822	13.689	14.809	14.389	14.323	
45	13.466	14.524	15.321	14.898	13.756	14.884	14.462	14.395	
46	13.546	14.611	15.413	14.989	13.841	14.975	14.55	14.484	
47	13.624	14.695	15.501	15.077	13.922	15.063	14.635	14.568	
48	13.698	14.775	15.586	15.161	13.999	15.147	14.717	14.649	
49	13.784	14.866	15.681	15.242	14.074	15.227	14.795	14.727	
50	13.872	14.959	15.777	15.319	14.145	15.304	14.87	14.801	
51	13.957	15.049	15.87	15.411	14.232	15.396	14.96	14.891	
52	14.039	15.135	15.959	15.5	14.316	15.485	15.047	14.978	
53	14.13	15.228	16.054	15.585	14.397	15.57	15.131	15.061	
54	14.23	15.329	16.156	15.667	14.475	15.652	15.211	15.141	
55	14.327	15.427	16.254	15.746	14.55	15.731	15.289	15.218	
56	14.421	15.521	16.348	15.842	14.644	15.828	15.384	15.315	
57	14.52	15.619	16.445	15.935	14.734	15.922	15.477	15.409	
58	14.632	15.727	16.551	16.024	14.822	16.012	15.566	15.499	
59	14.74	15.832	16.653	16.111	14.906	16.099	15.652	15.587	
60	14.845	15.934	16.752	16.195	14.988	16.184	15.735	15.671	
61	14.919	16.006	16.822	16.292	15.087	16.282	15.834	15.772	
62	14.919	16.006	16.822	16.386	15.183	16.377	15.929	15.869	
63	14.919	16.006	16.822	16.478	15.276	16.47	16.022	15.963	
64	14.919	16.006	16.822	16.566	15.366	16.559	16.111	16.054	
65	14.919	16.006	16.822	16.652	15.453	16.646	16.198	16.142	



#### Design Year (2026) Carbon Monoxide

Carbon Monoxide											
Avg. Speed	Rural Int.	Urban Int.	Freeway	U Prin Art	R Prin Art	U Minor Art	R Minor Art	Collectors			
2.5	26.266	27.545	28.497	29.653	28.114	29.695	29.097	29.105			
3	24.629	25.806	26.681	26.382	25.061	26.417	25.904	25.911			
4	20.939	21.885	22.589	22.292	21.245	22.319	21.913	21.918			
5	18.726	19.533	20.133	19.838	18.955	19.861	19.519	19.522			
6	17.093	17.833	18.385	18.231	17.393	18.248	17.926	17.922			
7	15.849	16.554	17.08	17.083	16.278	17.096	16.788	16.778			
8	14.916	15.595	16.102	16.222	15.441	16.232	15.934	15.921			
9	14.191	14.849	15.341	15.552	14.79	15.56	15.27	15.254			
10	13.61	14.252	14.732	15.017	14.269	15.023	14.739	14.72			
11	13.138	13.775	14.251	14.594	13.837	14.598	14.312	14.29			
12	12.748	13.393	13.875	14.242	13.476	14.245	13.956	13.931			
13	12.418	13.069	13.557	13.944	13.171	13.946	13.655	13.627			
14	12.135	12.792	13.284	13.689	12.91	13.689	13.396	13.367			
15	11.89	12.552	13.048	13.468	12.683	13.467	13.173	13.142			
16	11.705	12.375	12.877	13.272	12.478	13.271	12.973	12.941			
17	11.609	12.295	12.811	13.099	12.297	13.097	12.797	12.763			
18	11.523	12.225	12.752	12.946	12.136	12.943	12.64	12.605			
19	11.447	12.162	12.699	12.808	11.992	12.805	12.5	12.464			
20	11.378	12.105	12.651	12.685	11.862	12.681	12.374	12.337			
21	11.315	12.054	12.608	12.58	11.751	12.576	12.267	12.229			
22	11.258	12.007	12.569	12.485	11.65	12.481	12.169	12.13			
23	11.205	11.964	12.533	12.399	11.558	12.394	12.08	12.041			
24	11.157	11.924	12.5	12.319	11.474	12.314	11.999	11.958			
25	11.112	11.888	12.47	12.246	11.396	12.241	11.924	11.882			
26	11.072	11.855	12.442	12.203	11.347	12.197	11.878	11.836			
27	11.035	11.824	12.417	12.162	11.301	12.156	11.835	11.793			
28	11.001	11.796	12.393	12.125	11.259	12.118	11.796	11.752			
29	11.961	11.769	12.371	12.09	11.219	12.083	11.759	11.715			
30	10.939	11.745	12.35	12.057	11.182	12.05	11.725	11.68			
31	10.928	11.739	12.349	12.061	11.18	12.054	11.726	11.681			
32	10.925	11.742	12.356	12.065	11.178	12.057	11.727	11.681			
33	10.923	11.745	12.363	12.068	11.176	12.06	11.728	11.682			
34	10.92	11.748	12.37	12.071	11.174	12.063	11.729	11.682			
35	10.92	11.753	12.378	12.074	11.172	12.066	11.73	11.683			
36	10.985	11.827	12.459	12.154	11.242	12.145	11.806	11.758			
37	11.046	11.896	12.536	12.229	11.308	12.221	11.878	11.829			
38	11.103	11.963	12.609	12.301	11.37	12.292	11.946	11.896			
39	11.158	12.026	12.678	12.369	11.43	12.36	12.011	11.96			
40	11.22	12.095	12.753	12.434	11.486	12.424	12.072	12.02			
41	11.287	12.17	12.834	12.514	11.558	12.504	12.149	12.097			
42	11.352	12.242	12.911	12.59	11.627	12.58	12.223	12.169			
43	11.414	12.311	12.985	12.663	11.692	12.652	12.292	12.238			



#### Design Year (2026) Carbon Monoxide

	Carbon Monoxide											
Avg. Speed	Rural Int.	Urban Int.	Freeway	U Prin Art	R Prin Art	U Minor Art	R Minor Art	Collectors				
44	11.474	12.377	13.056	12.732	11.755	12.722	12.359	12.305				
45	11.548	12.457	13.141	12.799	11.814	12.788	12.423	12.368				
46	11.619	12.534	13.222	12.879	11.889	12.868	12.501	12.445				
47	11.687	12.608	13.3	12.956	11.96	12.945	12.576	12.52				
48	11.753	12.678	13.374	13.03	12.028	13.019	12.647	12.591				
49	11.828	12.758	13.458	13.101	12.093	13.089	12.716	12.659				
50	11.906	12.84	13.543	13.169	12.156	13.157	12.782	12.725				
51	11.981	12.919	13.624	13.25	12.233	13.238	12.861	12.804				
52	12.053	12.994	13.702	13.327	12.307	13.316	12.938	12.88				
53	12.133	13.076	13.786	13.402	12.378	13.391	13.011	12.953				
54	12.222	13.166	13.875	13.474	12.447	13.463	13.082	13.023				
55	12.308	13.252	13.961	13.544	12.513	13.532	13.15	13.091				
56	12.391	13.335	14.044	13.629	12.595	13.618	13.234	13.177				
57	12.478	13.421	14.13	13.711	12.675	13.7	13.316	13.26				
58	12.577	13.517	14.223	13.789	12.752	13.78	13.395	13.34				
59	12.673	13.61	14.313	13.866	12.827	13.857	13.471	13.417				
60	12.765	13.699	14.4	13.94	12.899	13.932	13.544	13.492				
61	12.831	13.762	14.461	14.026	12.987	14.019	13.632	13.581				
62	12.831	13.762	14.461	14.109	13.071	14.103	13.716	13.667				
63	12.831	13.762	14.461	14.189	13.153	14.185	13.798	13.75				
64	12.831	13.762	14.461	14.268	13.233	14.264	13.877	13.831				
65	12.831	13.762	14.461	14.343	13.31	14.34	13.953	13.909				

# APPENDIX B CAL3QHC Model Results

**Route 460 Location Study** 

AIR QUALITY
Technical Report

